## p. 706 10.2 Measuring Angles and Arcs

A <u>Central Angle</u> of a circle is an angle with a <u>Vertex</u> in the center of the circle.

(x) X°

angle=arc

minor arc. The measure is <u>less</u>

than <u>less</u>

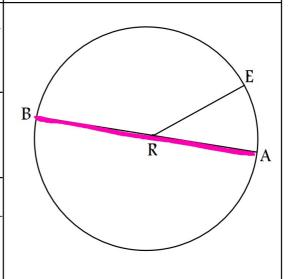
example: BE, EA letter

major arc. The measure is greater

example. BAE, EBA letters!

semicircle. The measure is equal

example. BA BEA letters!



**Example 1**: Find the value of x.

1. 125 155° 80°

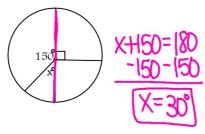
X+125+155=360 X+280=360

X=80°,

65 70° x°

X+65+70=360 X+135=360 -135-135 X=2259

3.



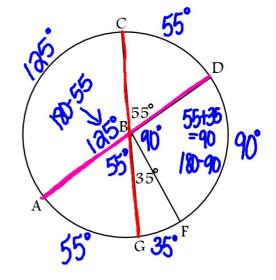
4.



X+X+135+145=360 2X+290=360 -280-280

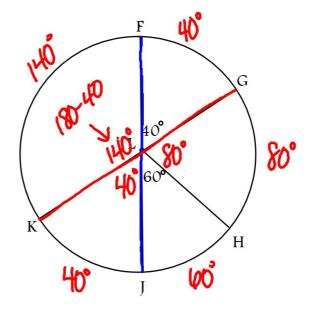
**Example 2:** Identify each arc as a major arc, minor arc, or semicircle. Then find its measure.

- 1.mAC 135' minor arc
- 2.mCFG 180° semicircle
- 3.mCGD 305° Major arc 125+55+35+90 or 360-55

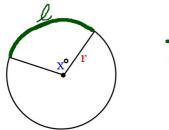


## Example 3: Find each measure.

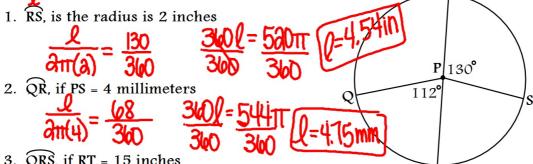
- 1. mFG **4**0
- 2. mJH 60°
- 3. mJKF /80°
- 4. mJFH **310-10=300**
- 5. mHK
- 6. mHGF
- 7. mKFH



**Example 4**: Find the length of each arc. Round to the nearest hundredth.



$$\frac{\mathcal{L}}{2\pi r} = \frac{x}{360}$$



3.  $\widehat{QRS}$ , if RT = 15 inches

Turn-in: Quick Check 10.2

HW: wkbk 10.2 (all)